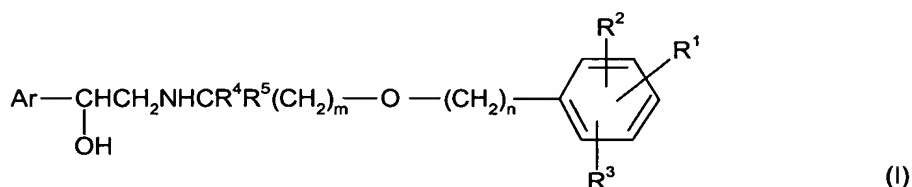


Amendments To The Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

What is claimed is:

1. (Currently Amended) A compound of formula (I):



or a salt, solvate, or physiologically functional derivative thereof, wherein:

m is an integer of from 2 to 8; and

n is an integer of from 3 to 11;

with the proviso that m + n is 5 to 19;

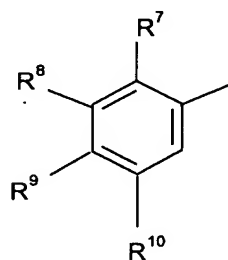
R¹ is SR⁶, SOR⁶, or SO₂R⁶,

wherein R⁶ is a C₃₋₇cycloalkyl or C₃₋₇cycloalkenyl group;

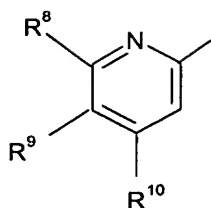
R² and R³ are independently selected from hydrogen, C₁₋₆alkyl, C₁₋₆alkoxy, halo, phenyl, and C₁₋₆haloalkyl;

R⁴ and R⁵ are independently selected from hydrogen and C₁₋₄alkyl with the proviso that the total number of carbon atoms in R⁴ and R⁵ is not more than 4;

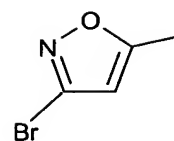
Ar is a group selected from



(a)

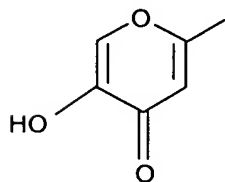


(b)



(c)

and



(d)

wherein R^8 represents hydrogen, halogen, $-(CH_2)_qOR^{11}$, $-NR^{11}C(O)R^{12}$, $-NR^{11}SO_2R^{12}$, $-SO_2NR^{11}R^{12}$, $-NR^{11}R^{12}$, $-OC(O)R^{13}$ or $OC(O)NR^{11}R^{12}$, and R^7 represents hydrogen, halogen, or C_{1-4} alkyl;

or R^8 represents $-NHR^{14}$ and R^7 and $-NHR^{14}$ together form a 5- or 6-membered heterocyclic ring;

R^9 represents hydrogen, halogen, $-OR^{11}$ or $-NR^{11}R^{12}$;

R^{10} represents hydrogen, halogen, halo C_{1-4} alkyl, $-OR^{11}$, $-NR^{11}R^{12}$, $-OC(O)R^{13}$ or $OC(O)NR^{11}R^{12}$;

R^{11} and R^{12} each independently represents hydrogen or C_{1-4} alkyl, or in the groups $-NR^{11}R^{12}$, $-SO_2NR^{11}R^{12}$ and $-OC(O)NR^{11}R^{12}$, R^{11} and R^{12}

independently represent hydrogen or C₁₋₄ alkyl or together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a 5-, 6- or 7- membered nitrogen-containing ring,

R¹³ represents an aryl (~~eg phenyl or naphthyl~~) group which may be unsubstituted or substituted by one or more substituents selected from halogen, C₁₋₄ alkyl, hydroxy, C₁₋₄ alkoxy or halo C₁₋₄ alkyl; and

q is zero or an integer from 1 to 4.

2. (Currently Amended) A compound according to Claim 1 ~~of formula (I) or a salt, solvate or physiologically functional derivative thereof~~, wherein ~~formula (I) is as defined in claim, except that~~ R⁸ is selected from the group consisting of halogen, -(CH₂)_qOR¹¹, -NR¹¹C(O)R¹², -NR¹¹SO₂R¹², -SO₂NR¹¹R¹², -NR¹¹R¹², -OC(O)R¹³ or OC(O)NR¹¹R¹², and -NHR¹⁴ and R⁷ and -NHR¹⁴ together form a 5- or 6- membered heterocyclic ring ~~does not represent hydrogen.~~

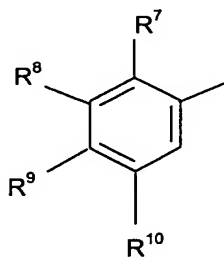
3. (Currently Amended) A compound according to claim 1 ~~or claim 2~~ wherein R¹ represents -SO₂R⁶.

4. (Currently Amended) A compound according to claim 1 ~~any of claims 1 to 3~~ wherein R⁶ represents a C₃₋₇ cycloalkyl group.

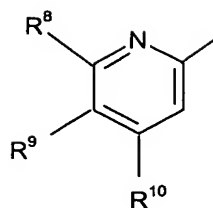
5. (Currently Amended) A compound according to claim 1 ~~any of claims 1 to 4~~ wherein R² and R³ each represent hydrogen.

6. (Currently Amended) A compound according to claim 1 ~~any of claims 1 to 5~~ wherein R⁴ and R⁵ are independently selected from hydrogen and methyl.

7. (Currently Amended) A compound according to claim 1 ~~any of claims 1 to 6~~ wherein Ar is selected from a group (a) or (b):

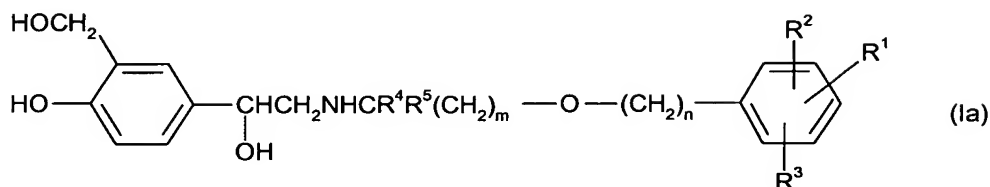


(a)



(b)

8. (Original) A compound of formula (Ia):



(Ia)

or a salt, solvate, or physiologically functional derivative thereof, wherein:

m is an integer of from 2 to 8; and

n is an integer of from 3 to 11;

with the proviso that m + n is 5 to 19;

R¹ is SR⁶, SOR⁶, or SO₂R⁶,

wherein R⁶ is a C₃₋₇cycloalkyl or C₃₋₇cycloalkenyl group;

R² and R³ are independently selected from hydrogen, C₁₋₆alkyl, C₁₋₆alkoxy, halo, phenyl, and C₁₋₆haloalkyl; and

R⁴ and R⁵ are independently selected from hydrogen and C₁₋₄alkyl with the proviso that the total number of carbon atoms in R⁴ and R⁵ is not more than 4.

9. (Currently Amended) A compound according to claim 1 ~~any of claims~~

~~4 to 8~~ wherein m is 5 or 6 and n is 3 or 4.

10. (Currently Amended) A compound of formula (I) or (Ia) selected from:

4-((1*R*)-2-[(6-{4-[3-(Cyclopentylsulfinyl)phenyl]butoxy}hexyl)amino]-1-hydroxyethyl)-2-(hydroxymethyl)phenol;

4-((1*R*)-2-[(6-{4-[3-(Cyclopentylsulfinyl)phenyl]butoxy}hexyl)amino]-1-hydroxyethyl)-2-(hydroxymethyl)phenol (Isomer 1);

4-((1*R*)-2-[(6-{4-[3-(Cyclopentylsulfinyl)phenyl]butoxy}hexyl)amino]-1-hydroxyethyl)-2-(hydroxymethyl)phenol (Isomer 2);

4-((1*R*)-2-[(6-{4-[3-(Cyclopentylsulfonyl)phenyl]butoxy}hexyl)amino]-1-hydroxyethyl)-2-(hydroxymethyl)phenol;

4-((1*R*)-2-[(6-{4-[4-(Cyclopentylsulfonyl)phenyl]butoxy}hexyl)amino]-1-hydroxyethyl)-2-(hydroxymethyl)phenol;

4-((1*R*)-2-[(6-{4-[3-(Cyclohexylsulfonyl)phenyl]butyl}oxy)hexyl]amino)-1-hydroxyethyl)-2-(hydroxymethyl)phenol;

4-((1*R*)-2-[(6-{4-[3-(3-Cyclopenten-1-ylsulfonyl)phenyl]butyl}oxy)hexyl]amino)-1-hydroxyethyl)-2-(hydroxymethyl)phenol;

4-((1*R*)-2-[(6-{4-[3-(Cyclopentylsulfonyl)phenyl]pentyl}oxy)hexyl]amino)-1-hydroxyethyl)-2-(hydroxymethyl)phenol;

4-((1*R*)-2-[(7-{3-[3-(Cyclopentylsulfonyl)phenyl]propyl}oxy)heptyl]amino)-1-hydroxyethyl)-2-(hydroxymethyl)phenol;

4-((1*R*)-2-[(6-{4-[3-(Cyclopentylsulfonyl)-5-methylphenyl]butyl}oxy)hexyl]amino)-1-hydroxyethyl)-2-(hydroxymethyl)phenol;

N-[5-((1*R*)-2-[(6-{4-[3-(Cyclopentylsulfonyl)phenyl]butyl}oxy)hexyl]amino)-1-hydroxyethyl)-2-hydroxyphenyl]methanesulfonamide;

4-((1*R*)-2-[(6-{4-[3-(Cyclopentylsulfonyl)phenyl]butyl}oxy)hexyl]amino)-1-hydroxyethyl)-2-fluorophenol;

6-{2-[(6-{4-[3-(Cyclopentylsulfonyl)phenyl]butoxy}hexyl)amino]-1-hydroxyethyl)-2-(hydroxymethyl)pyridin-3-ol};

5-((1*R*)-2-[(6-{4-[3-(Cyclopentylsulfonyl)phenyl]butoxy}hexyl)amino]-1-hydroxyethyl)-8-hydroxy-3,4-dihydroquinolin-2(1*H*)-one;

5-((1*R*)-2-[(6-{4-[3-(Cyclopentylsulfonyl)phenyl]butoxy}hexyl)amino]-1-hydroxyethyl)-2-hydroxyphenylformamide;

and salts, solvates, and physiologically functional derivatives thereof.

11. (Currently Amended) A compound according to claim 10 ~~of formula (I) or (Ia)~~ which is:

4-((1*R*)-2-[(6-{4-[3-(Cyclopentylsulfonyl)phenyl]butoxy}hexyl)amino]-1-hydroxyethyl)-2-(hydroxymethyl)phenol;
or a salt, solvate, or physiologically functional derivative thereof.

12. (Currently Amended) A compound according to claim 1 ~~any of claims 1 to 11~~ in the form of a salt formed with an arylsulphonic acid.

13. (Currently Amended) A compound according to ~~any of claim 8, claim 9 or claim 12~~ which is selected from:

4-((1*R*)-2-[(6-{4-[3-(cyclopentylsulfonyl)phenyl]butoxy}hexyl)amino]-1-hydroxyethyl)-2-(hydroxymethyl) phenol 4-methylbenzenesulfonate;
4-((1*R*)-2-[(6-{4-[3-(cyclopentylsulfonyl)phenyl]butoxy}hexyl)amino]-1-hydroxyethyl)-2-(hydroxymethyl)phenol 4-bromobenzene sulfonate;
4-((1*R*)-2-[(6-{4-[3-(cyclopentylsulfonyl)phenyl]butoxy}hexyl)amino]-1-hydroxyethyl)-2-(hydroxymethyl)phenol 4-chlorobenzene sulfonate
4-((1*R*)-2-[(6-{4-[3-(cyclopentylsulfonyl)phenyl]butoxy}hexyl)amino]-1-hydroxyethyl)-2-(hydroxymethyl)phenol 3-toluene sulfonate;
4-((1*R*)-2-[(6-{4-[3-(cyclopentylsulfonyl)phenyl]butoxy}hexyl)amino]-1-hydroxyethyl)-2-(hydroxymethyl) phenol 4-biphenyl sulfonate; and
4-((1*R*)-2-[(6-{4-[3-(cyclopentylsulfonyl)phenyl]butoxy}hexyl)amino]-1-hydroxyethyl)-2-(hydroxymethyl)phenol, naphthalene-2-sulfonate.

14. (Original) A compound according to claim 13 wherein the salt is in crystalline form.

15. (Currently Amended) A method for the prophylaxis or treatment of a clinical condition in a mammal, ~~such as a human~~, for which a selective β_2 -adrenoreceptor agonist is indicated, which comprises administering

~~administration of a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of formula (I) or (Ia) according to claim 1 any of claims 1 to 14 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, solvate, or physiologically functional derivative thereof.~~

16. (Canceled)

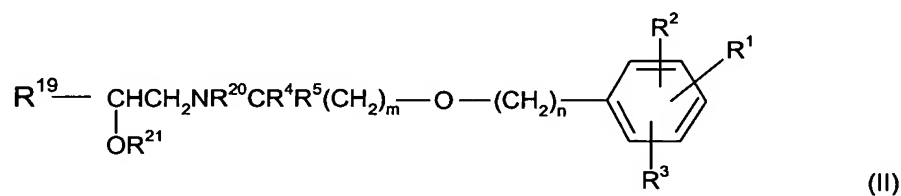
17. (Currently Amended) A pharmaceutical formulation comprising a compound according to claim 1 ~~of formula (I) or (Ia) according to any of claims 1 to 14~~ or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, solvate, or physiologically functional derivative thereof, and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or excipient, and optionally one or more other therapeutic ingredients.

18. (Currently Amended) A combination comprising a compound according to claim 1 ~~of formula (I) or (Ia) according to any of claims 1 to 14~~ or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, solvate, or physiologically functional derivative thereof, and one or more other therapeutic ingredients.

19. (Canceled).

20. (Currently Amended) A process for the preparation of a compound of ~~formula (I) or (Ia)~~ according to claim 1 ~~any of claims 1 to 14~~ or a salt, solvate, or physiologically functional derivative thereof, which comprises:

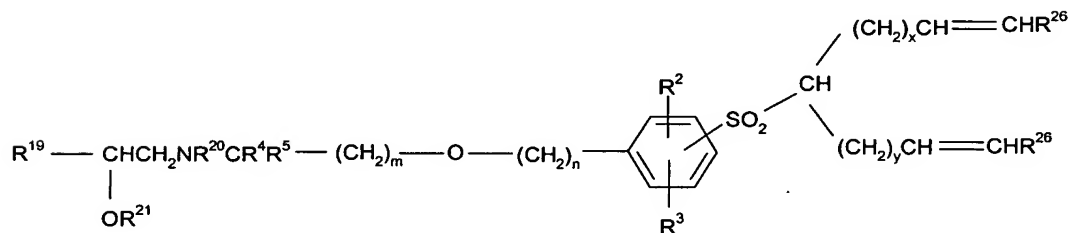
~~(a) deprotecting~~ deprotection of a protected intermediate, ~~for example~~ of formula (II):



or a salt or solvate thereof, wherein R^1 , R^2 , R^3 , R^4 , R^5 , m , and n are as defined for the compound of formula (I), R^{19} represents an optionally protected form of

Ar; and R²⁰ and R²¹ are each independently either hydrogen or a protecting group, provided that the compound of formula (II) contains at least one protecting group;

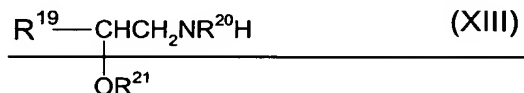
~~(a) reaction of a compound of formula (X):~~



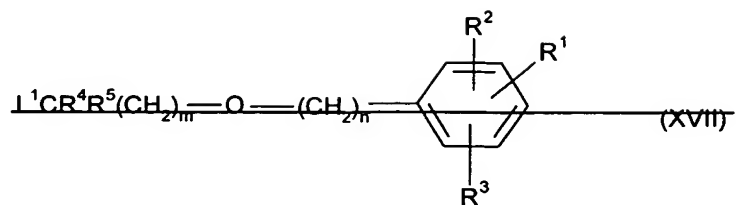
(X)

~~wherein R², R³, R⁴, R⁵, R¹⁹, R²⁰, R²¹, m and n are as defined for formula (II) each R²⁶ independently represents hydrogen or C₁₋₄ alkyl, and x and y each represent 0, 1 or 2;~~
~~to effect ring closure;~~

~~(c) alkylation of an amine of formula (XIII):~~

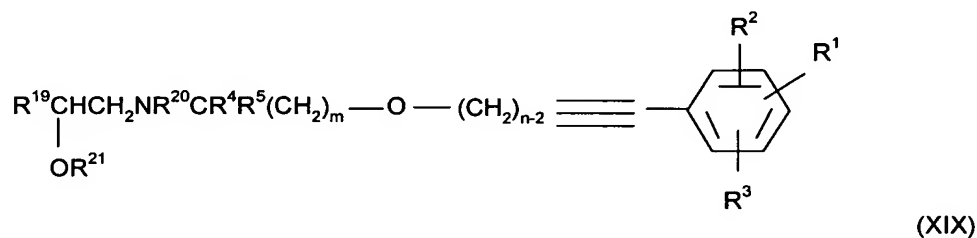


~~wherein R²², R²³, R²⁰ and R²⁴ are each independently either hydrogen or a protecting group with a compound of formula (XVII):~~



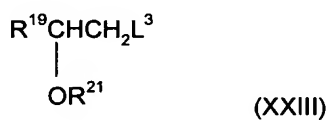
wherein $\text{R}^1, \text{R}^2, \text{R}^3, \text{R}^4, \text{R}^5, m$, and n are as defined for the compound of formula (I) and L^1 is a leaving group;

— (d) reduction of a compound of formula (XIX):



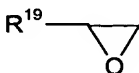
Wherein $\text{R}^1, \text{R}^2, \text{R}^3, \text{R}^4, \text{R}^5, m$ and n are as defined for formula (I), R^{19} represents an optionally protected form of Ar and R^{20} and R^{21} are each independently hydrogen or a protecting group as defined above.

— (e) reacting a compound of formula (XXIII):



wherein R^{19} is as hereinbefore defined and L^3 is a leaving group as defined above for L^1 or L^2 ;

or a compound of formula (XXIV):



(iv) converting ~~optional conversion~~ of a compound wherein R⁶ represents cycloalkenyl to a compound wherein R⁶ represents cycloalkyl, eg. by hydrogenation; and

(v) converting ~~optional conversion~~ of the product to a corresponding salt, solvate, or physiologically functional derivative thereof.

21. (Canceled)

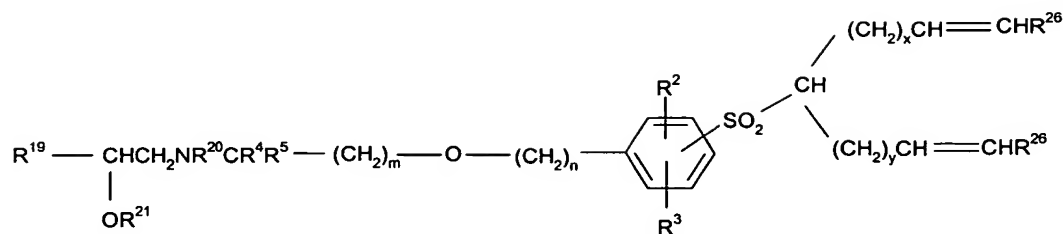
22. (New) A compound according to claim 1, wherein R¹³ is a phenyl group.

23. (New) A compound according to claim 1, wherein R¹³ is a naphthyl group.

24. (New) A method according to claim 15, wherein the mammal is a human.

25. (New) A process for the preparation of a compound according to claim 1 or a salt, solvate, or physiologically functional derivative thereof, which comprises:

reacting a compound of formula (X):



(X)

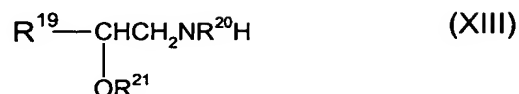
wherein R^1 , R^2 , R^3 , R^4 , R^5 , m , and n are as defined for the compound of formula (I), R^{19} represents an optionally protected form of Ar; and R^{20} and R^{21} are each independently either hydrogen or a protecting group, each R^{26} independently represents hydrogen or C_{1-4} alkyl, and x and y each represent 0, 1 or 2; to effect ring closure;

optionally followed by one or more of the following steps in any order selected from the group consisting of:

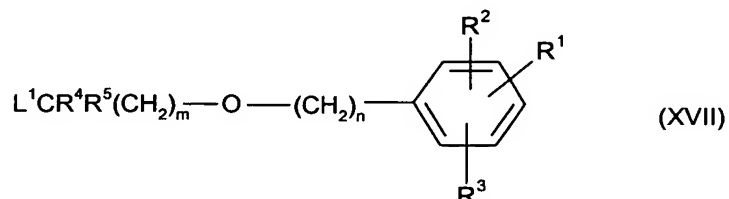
- (i) removing any protecting groups;
- (ii) separating an enantiomer from a mixture of enantiomers;
- (iii) converting one compound of formula (I) to a different compound of formula wherein R^1 is SR^6 to a compound wherein R^1 is SOR^6 or SO_2R^6 , or conversion of a compound wherein R^1 is SOR^6 to a compound wherein R^1 is SO_2R^6 ;
- (iv) converting a compound wherein R^6 represents cycloalkenyl to a compound wherein R^6 represents cycloalkyl, eg. by hydrogenation; and
- (v) converting the product to a corresponding salt, solvate, or physiologically functional derivative thereof.

26. (New) A process for the preparation of a compound according to claim 1 or a salt, solvate, or physiologically functional derivative thereof, which comprises:

alkylating an amine of formula (XIII):



wherein R^{22} , R^{23} , R^{20} and R^{21} are each independently either hydrogen or a protecting group with a compound of formula (XVII):



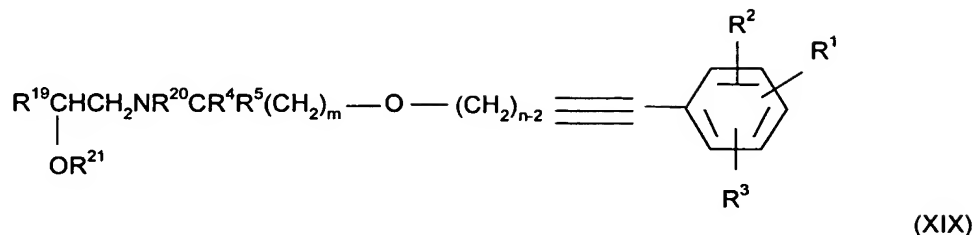
wherein R^1 , R^2 , R^3 , R^4 , R^5 , m , and n are as defined for the compound of formula (I) and L^1 is a leaving group;

optionally followed by one or more of the following steps in any order selected from the group consisting of:

- (i) removing any protecting groups;
- (ii) separating an enantiomer from a mixture of enantiomers;
- (iii) converting one compound of formula (I) to a different compound of formula (I) wherein R^1 is SR^6 to a compound wherein R^1 is SOR^6 or SO_2R^6 , or conversion of a compound wherein R^1 is SOR^6 to a compound wherein R^1 is SO_2R^6 ;
- (iv) converting a compound wherein R^6 represents cycloalkenyl to a compound wherein R^6 represents cycloalkyl, eg. by hydrogenation; and
- (v) converting the product to a corresponding salt, solvate, or physiologically functional derivative thereof.

27. (New) A process for the preparation of a compound according to claim 1 or a salt, solvate, or physiologically functional derivative thereof, which comprises:

reducing a compound of formula (XIX):



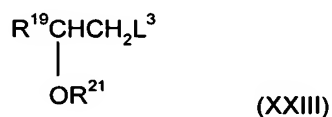
Wherein R^1 , R^2 , R^3 , R^4 , R^5 , m and n are as defined for formula (I), R^{19} represents an optionally protected form of Ar and R^{20} and R^{21} are each independently hydrogen or a protecting group

optionally followed by one or more of the following steps in any order selected from the group consisting of:

- (i) removing any protecting groups;
- (ii) separating an enantiomer from a mixture of enantiomers;
- (iii) converting one compound of formula (I) to a different compound of formula (I) wherein R^1 is SR^6 to a compound wherein R^1 is SOR^6 or SO_2R^6 , or conversion of a compound wherein R^1 is SOR^6 to a compound wherein R^1 is SO_2R^6 ;
- (iv) converting a compound wherein R^6 represents cycloalkenyl to a compound wherein R^6 represents cycloalkyl, eg. by hydrogenation; and
- (v) converting the product to a corresponding salt, solvate, or physiologically functional derivative thereof.

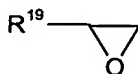
28. (New) A process for the preparation of a compound according to claim 1 or a salt, solvate, or physiologically functional derivative thereof, which comprises:

reacting a compound of formula (XXIII):



wherein R^{19} is as hereinbefore defined and L^3 is a leaving group as defined above for L^1 or L^2 ;

or a compound of formula (XXIV):



(XXIV)

with an amine of formula (XXV):

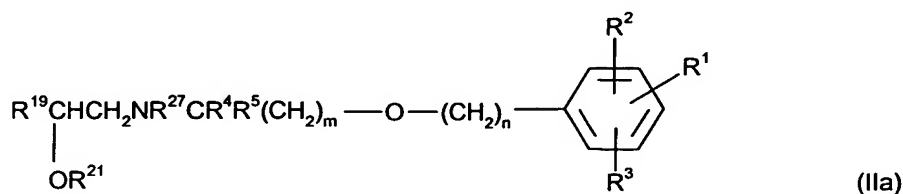
wherein R^1 , R^2 , R^3 , R^4 , R^5 , m , and n are as defined for the compound of formula (I), R^{19} represents an optionally protected form of Ar; and R^{20} and R^{21} are each independently either hydrogen or a protecting group

optionally followed by one or more of the following steps in any order selected from the group consisting of:

- (i) removing any protecting groups;
- (ii) separating an enantiomer from a mixture of enantiomers;
- (iii) converting one compound of formula (I) to a different compound of formula (I) wherein R^1 is SR^6 to a compound wherein R^1 is SOR^6 or SO_2R^6 , or conversion of a compound wherein R^1 is SOR^6 to a compound wherein R^1 is SO_2R^6 ;
- (iv) converting a compound wherein R^6 represents cycloalkenyl to a compound wherein R^6 represents cycloalkyl, eg. by hydrogenation; and
- (v) converting the product to a corresponding salt, solvate, or physiologically functional derivative thereof.

29. (New) A process for the preparation of a compound according to claim 1 or a salt, solvate, or physiologically functional derivative thereof, which comprises:

removing a chiral auxiliary from a compound of formula (IIa)

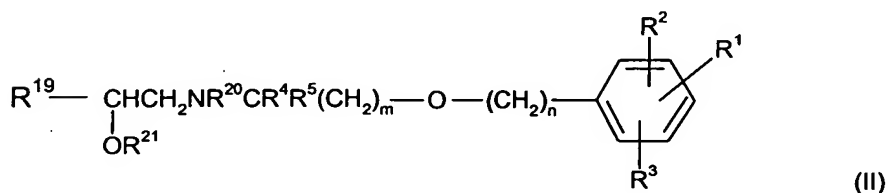


wherein $\text{R}^1 - \text{R}^5$, m and n are as defined for formula (I), R^{19} represents an optionally protected form of Ar, R^{21} represent hydrogen or a protecting group and R^{27} represents a chiral auxiliary

optionally followed by one or more of the following steps in any order selected from the group consisting of:

- (i) removing any protecting groups;
- (ii) separating an enantiomer from a mixture of enantiomers;
- (iii) converting one compound of formula (I) to a different compound of formula (I) eg. conversion of a compound wherein R^1 is SR^6 to a compound wherein R^1 is SOR^6 or SO_2R^6 , or conversion of a compound wherein R^1 is SOR^6 to a compound wherein R^1 is SO_2R^6 ;
- (iv) converting a compound wherein R^6 represents cycloalkenyl to a compound wherein R^6 represents cycloalkyl, eg. by hydrogenation; and
- (v) converting the product to a corresponding salt, solvate, or physiologically functional derivative thereof.

30. (New) A compound of the formula (II):



wherein m is an integer of from 2 to 8; and
 n is an integer of from 3 to 11;
 with the proviso that $m + n$ is 5 to 19;

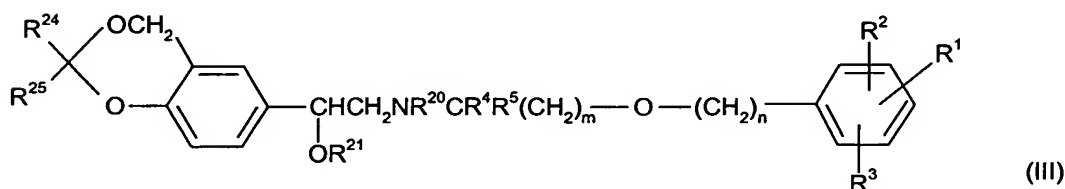
R^1 is SR^6 , SOR^6 , or SO_2R^6 ,

wherein R^6 is a C_{3-7} cycloalkyl or C_{3-7} cycloalkenyl group;

R^2 and R^3 are independently selected from hydrogen, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{1-6} alkoxy, halo, phenyl, and C_{1-6} haloalkyl;

R^4 and R^5 are independently selected from hydrogen and C_{1-4} alkyl with the proviso that the total number of carbon atoms in R^4 and R^5 is not more than 4;
 R^{19} represents an optionally protected form of Ar; and R^{20} and R^{21} are each independently either hydrogen or a protecting group:

31. (New) A compound of the formula (III):



or a salt or solvate thereof,

wherein m is an integer of from 2 to 8; and

n is an integer of from 3 to 11;

with the proviso that $m + n$ is 5 to 19;

R^1 is SR^6 , SOR^6 , or SO_2R^6 ,

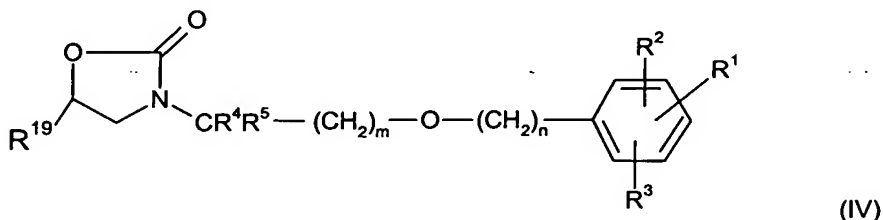
wherein R^6 is a C_{3-7} cycloalkyl or C_{3-7} cycloalkenyl group;

R^2 and R^3 are independently selected from hydrogen, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{1-6} alkoxy, halo, phenyl, and C_{1-6} haloalkyl;

R^4 and R^5 are independently selected from hydrogen and C_{1-4} alkyl with the proviso that the total number of carbon atoms in R^4 and R^5 is not more than 4;

R^{19} represents an optionally protected form of Ar;
 R^{20} and R^{21} are each independently either hydrogen or a protecting group.
and R^{24} and R^{25} are independently selected from hydrogen,
 C_{1-6} alkyl, or aryl or R^{24} and R^{25} together form a C_{3-7} alkyl group.

32. (New) A compound of the formula (IV):



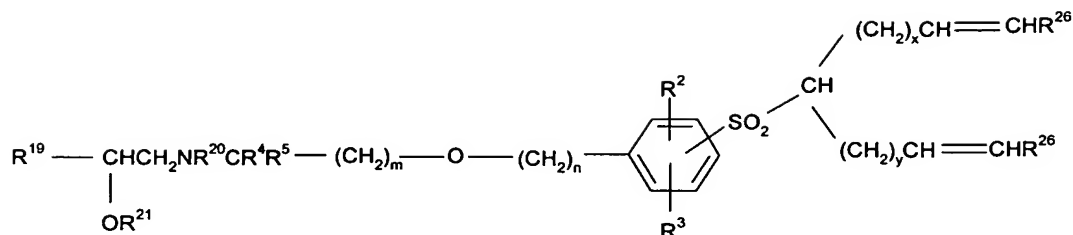
or a salt or solvate thereof, wherein
wherein m is an integer of from 2 to 8; and
 n is an integer of from 3 to 11;
with the proviso that $m + n$ is 5 to 19;

R^1 is SR^6 , SOR^6 , or SO_2R^6 ,
wherein R^6 is a C_{3-7} cycloalkyl or C_{3-7} cycloalkenyl group;

R^2 and R^3 are independently selected from hydrogen, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{1-6} alkoxy,
halo, phenyl, and C_{1-6} haloalkyl;

R^4 and R^5 are independently selected from hydrogen and C_{1-4} alkyl with the
proviso that the total number of carbon atoms in R^4 and R^5 is not more than 4;
and R^{19} represents an optionally protected form of Ar.

33. (New) A compound of formula (X):



(X)

wherein m is an integer of from 2 to 8; and

n is an integer of from 3 to 11;

with the proviso that $m + n$ is 5 to 19;

R^1 is SR^6 , SOR^6 , or SO_2R^6 ,

wherein R^6 is a C_{3-7} cycloalkyl or C_{3-7} cycloalkenyl group;

R^2 and R^3 are independently selected from hydrogen, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{1-6} alkoxy, halo, phenyl, and C_{1-6} haloalkyl;

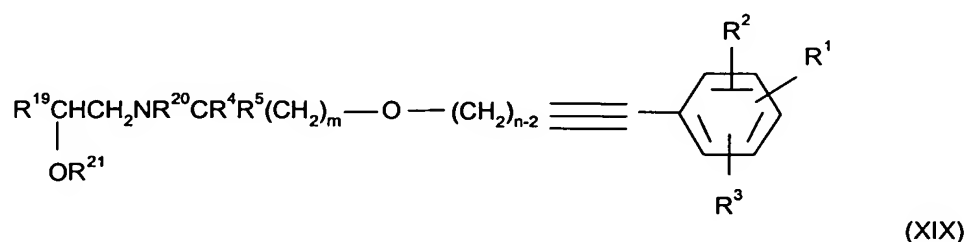
R^4 and R^5 are independently selected from hydrogen and C_{1-4} alkyl with the proviso that the total number of carbon atoms in R^4 and R^5 is not more than 4;

R^{19} represents an optionally protected form of Ar;

R^{20} and R^{21} are each independently either hydrogen or a protecting group.

and each R^{26} independently represents hydrogen or C_{1-4} alkyl, and x and y each represent 0, 1 or 2; by effecting ring closure to form a cycloalkenyl group.

34. (New) A compound of the formula (XIX):



wherein m is an integer of from 2 to 8; and

n is an integer of from 3 to 11;

with the proviso that m + n is 5 to 19;

R¹ is SR⁶, SOR⁶, or SO₂R⁶,

wherein R⁶ is a C₃₋₇cycloalkyl or C₃₋₇cycloalkenyl group;

R² and R³ are independently selected from hydrogen, C₁₋₆alkyl, C₁₋₆alkoxy, halo, phenyl, and C₁₋₆haloalkyl;

R⁴ and R⁵ are independently selected from hydrogen and C₁₋₄alkyl with the proviso that the total number of carbon atoms in R⁴ and R⁵ is not more than 4;

R¹⁹ represents an optionally protected form of Ar;

R²⁰ and R²¹ are each independently either hydrogen or a protecting group.